#### **BIOLOGY**

- 1. Which of the following types of cell division leads to reduction in the chromosome number
  - (A) Mitosis (B) Amitosis
  - (C) Meiosis (D) None
- 2. What is the site of photorespiration in plants
  - (A) Chloroplast (B) Mitochondria
  - (C) Peroxisome (D) All of the above
- 3. Given below is the pH of different parts of a cell actively engaged in photosynthesis:
  - i. Cytosol 6.8
  - ii. Chloroplast stroma 8.0
  - iii. Thylakoid lumen 4.8

Which of the above is correct?

- (A) i and ii (B) ii and iii (C) i and iii (D) i, ii and iii
- 4. Pectin is present in
  - (A) Middle lamella of plant cell wall
  - (B) Animal cell wall
  - (C) Animal cell membrane
  - (D) Plant secondary thickening
- 5. Which of the following is a commonly used second messenger in cells
  - (A) Magnesium (B) Calcium
  - (C) Nitric oxide (D) Both B and C

# **CHEMISTRY**

51.	The shape of s orb	ital is			
	(A) Pyramidal		(B) Spherical		
	(C) Tetrahedral		(D) Dumb bell shap	bed	
52.	Which of the following does not characterizes X-rays?				
	(A) The radiation can ionize gases				
	(B) It causes ZnS to fluoresce				
	(C) Deflected by electric and magnetic field				
	(D) Have wave leng	gths shorter than ultr	a-violet rays		
53.	Which of the following is paramagnetic ?				
	(A) O <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	(B) CN <sup>-</sup>	(C) CO	(D) $NO^+$	
54.	The bond present i	$n N_2O_5$ are			
	(A) Only ionic				
	(B) Covalent and coordinate				
	(C) Only covalent				
	(D) Covalent and id	onic			
55.	Which one is electr	ron deficient compou	nd?		
	(A) ICl <sub>3</sub>	(B) NH <sub>3</sub>	(C) BCl <sub>3</sub>	(D) PCI <sub>3</sub>	
56.	The hydrogen bond	d is strongest in			
	(A) H <sub>2</sub> O	(B) NH <sub>3</sub>	(C) HF	(D) CH₃COOH	
57.	Density is highest f (A) Mg	for (B) Ca	(C) Sr	(D) Ba	
58.		lowest boiling point	(0) 51	(D) Ba	
	(A) NH <sub>3</sub>	(B) PH <sub>3</sub>	(C) AsH <sub>3</sub>	(D) SbH₃	

### MATHEMATICS

81.	Let A and B be two sets in the same universal set. Then A – B =			
	(A) A <b>■</b> B		(B) A' <b>■</b> B	
	(C) A <b>■</b> B <sup>'</sup>		(D) none of these	
82.	If $f(x) \bullet (a \ x^{n})^{\frac{1}{n}}, v$	vhere a 🗚 and n 🖫N,	then f of (x) is equa	l to
	(A) a	(B) x	(C) x <sup>n</sup>	(D) a <sup>n</sup>
83.	The least positive integer n for which is real, is			
	(A) 2		(B) 4	
	(C) 8		(D) none of these	
84.	<ol> <li>If three positive real numbers a, b, c are in A.P. such that, abc = 4 minimum value of b is</li> </ol>			abc = 4, then the
	(A) $2^{\frac{1}{3}}$	(B) $2^{\frac{2}{3}}$	(C) $2^{\frac{1}{2}}$	(D)none of these
85. If a $\mathbf{p}Z$ and the equation $(x - a)(x - 10) + 1 = 0$ has integrable values of a are		ral roots, then the		
	(A) 10,8		(B) 10, 12	
	(C) 12, 8		(D) none of these	
86.	A polygon has 44 diagonals, the number of its sides is			
	(A) 12	(B) 10	(C) 9	(D) 11
87.	. If all permutations of the let dictionary, then 50th word is		the word AGAIN ar	e arranged as in
	(A) NAAGI		(B) NAGAI	
	(C) NAAIG		(D) none of these	
88.	$ \mathbf{\tilde{T}}_{n \bullet}^{\Box} \frac{n^2}{n!} $ is equal	to		
	(A) 2e		(B) 3e	
	(C) e		(D) none of these	

#### PHYSICS

- 101. The dimension of impulse are equal to that of
  - (A) Force (B) Angular Momentum
  - (C) Pressure (D) Linear momentum
- 102. A body allowed to fall from the top of a tower h meters high takes t sec to reach the ground. At what height is the body after t/2 sec?
  - (A) h/2 meters above the ground
  - (B) 3h/4 meters above the ground
  - (C) h/4 meters above the ground
  - (D) Depends on the size of body
- 103. If R is the maximum horizontal range of a particle, then the greatest height attained by it is
  - (A) R (B) 2R (C) R/2 (D) R/4
- 104. Masses of two substances are 1 g and 9 g respectively. If their kinetic energies are same, then the ratio of their momentum will be
  - (A) 1 : 9 (B) 9 : 1 (C) 3 : 1 (D) 1 : 3
- 105. One litre of  $O_2$  at a pressure of 1 atmosphere and 2 litres of  $N_2$  at pressure of 0.5 atmospheres are introduced in the vessel of capacity 1 litre without any change in temperature. The total pressure is

(A) 1.5 atmosphere	(B) 1 atmosphere

- (C) 0.5 atmosphere (D) 2 atmosphere
- 106. A point object is placed at a distance of 12 cm from a convex lens of focal length 10 cm. On the other side of the lens, a convex mirror is placed at a distance of 10 cm from the lens such that image formed by the combination coincides with the object itself. The focal length of the convex mirror is

(A) 20 cm	(B) 25 cm	(C) 15 cm	(D) 30 cm
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107. In a hydrogen atom, the electron and proton are bound to each other at a distance of 0.53 A→. What is the potential energy in eV?

(A) 13.6 eV	(B) 6.8 eV
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(C) -27.2 eV (D) -13.6 eV

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